

放射光時間分解X線回折測定による 光記録媒体の相変化構造計測

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JST-CREST

1. はじめに

- ・DVD材料における高速相変化
- ・XRDで構造変化をみる

2. 時間分解測定法の開発

- ・放射光の時間構造と手法
- ・時間分解X線回折測定技術

3. 観察結果

- ・反射率変化と相変化の関係
- ・GST, AISTにおける結晶成長の相違

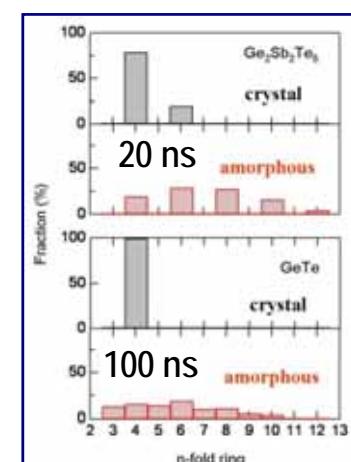
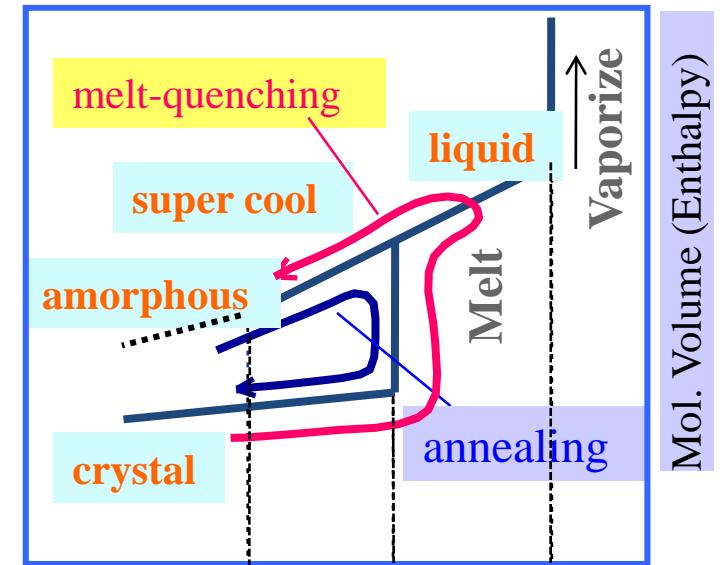
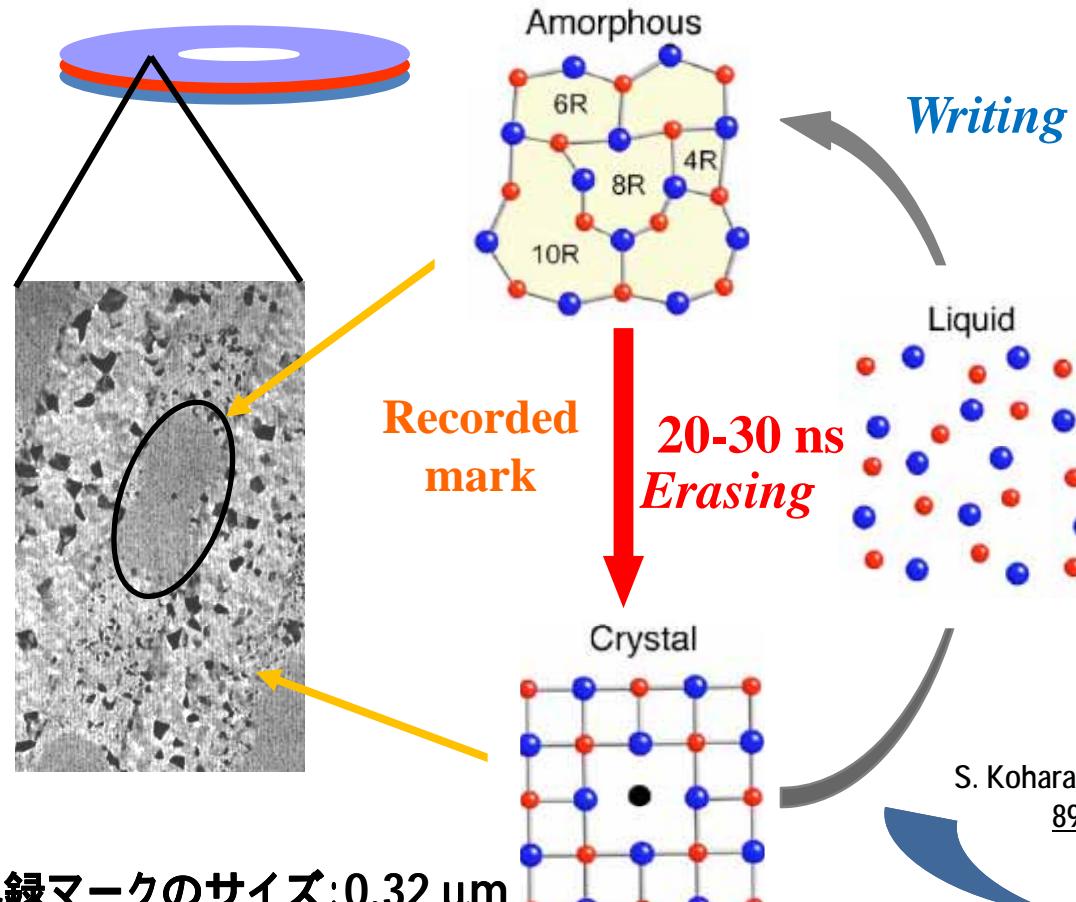
4. まとめ

1. はじめに

1.1 DVD材料における高速相変化

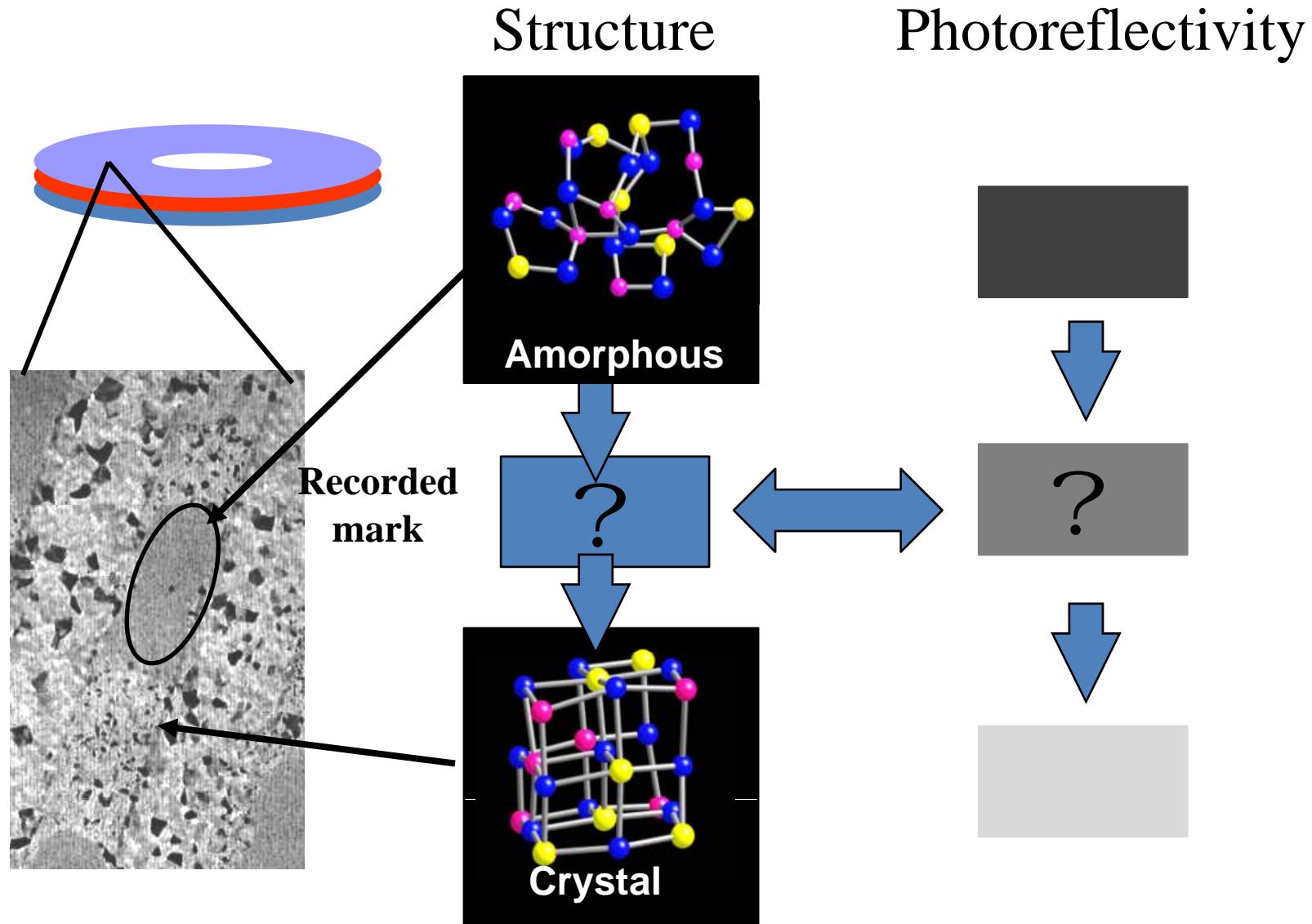
GST225 ($\text{Ge}_2\text{Sb}_2\text{Te}_5$)

AISt ($\text{Ag}_{3.5}\text{In}_{3.8}\text{Sb}_{75.0}\text{Te}_{17.7}$ (%))



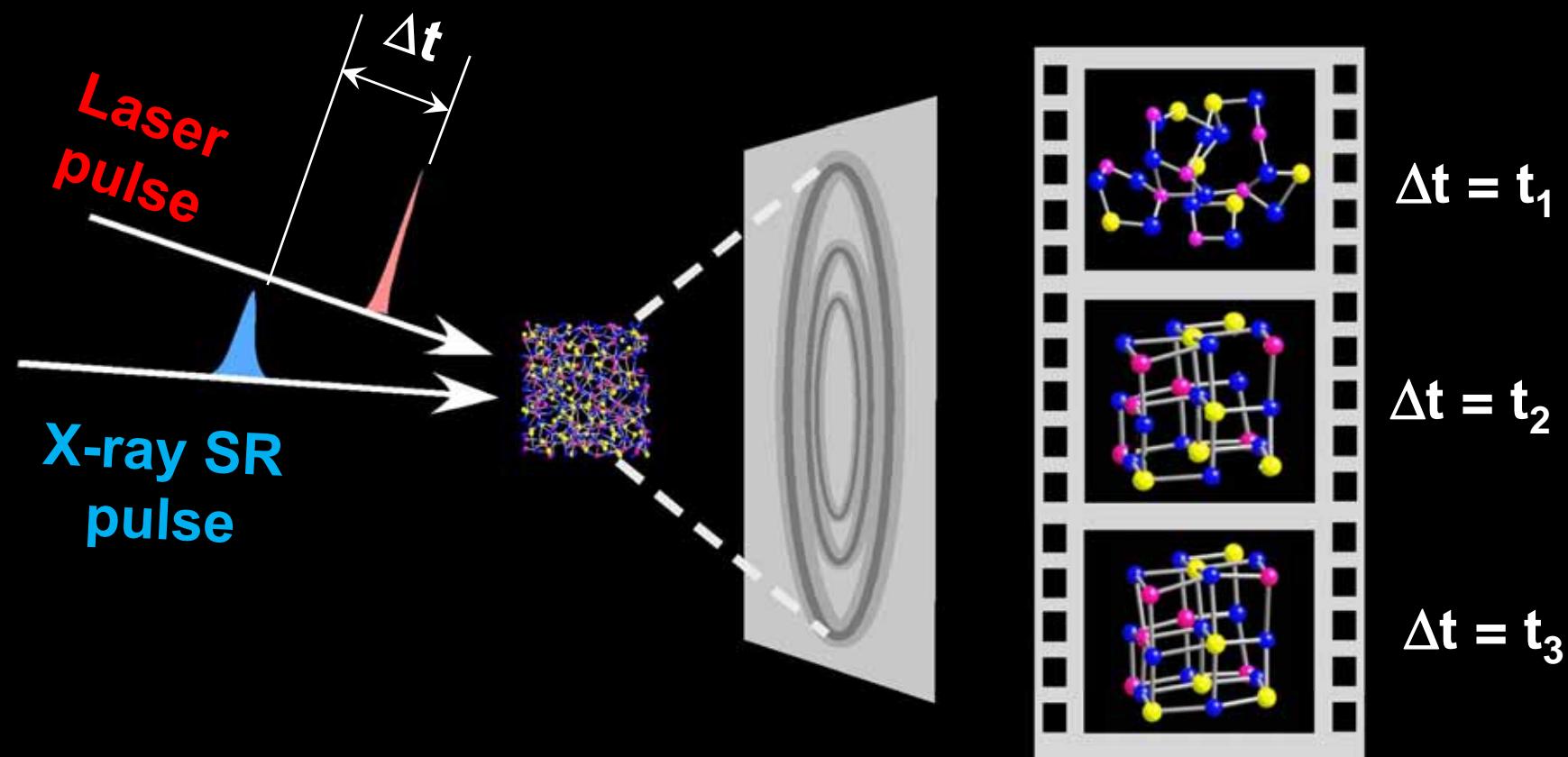
相変化速度とアモルファスのリング構造の相関

反射率と構造の関係？



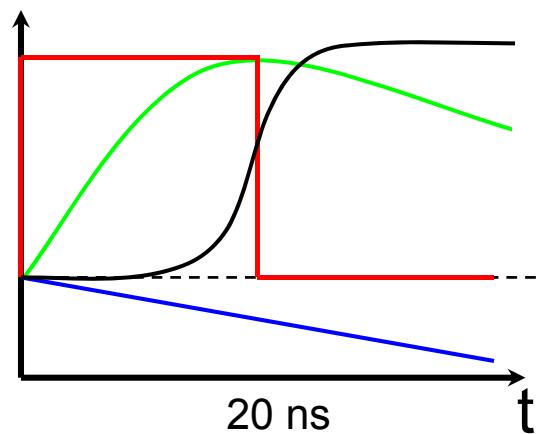
1.2 XRDで構造変化をみる

Time-resolved X-ray diffraction (Laser pump-X-ray SR probe)

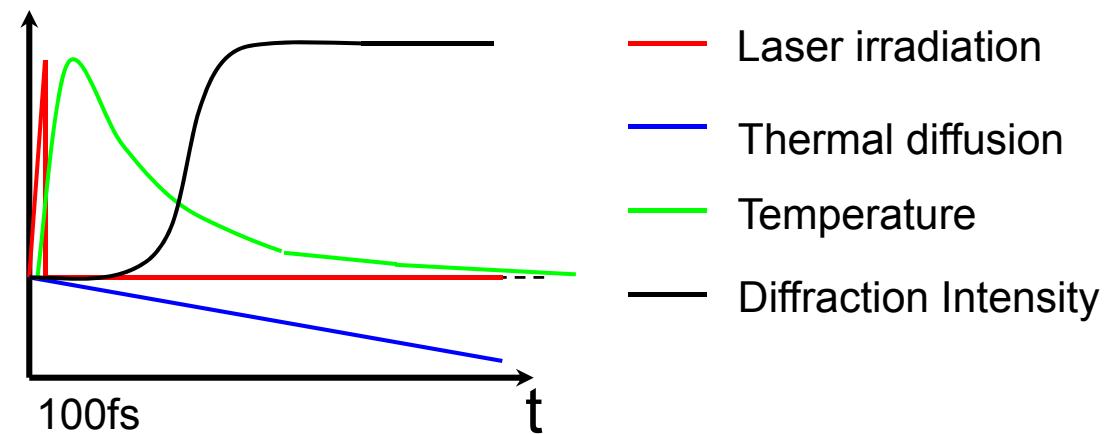


インパルス応答を調べる

Commercial DVD media



Impulse response



フェムト秒パルスレーザー
による刺激

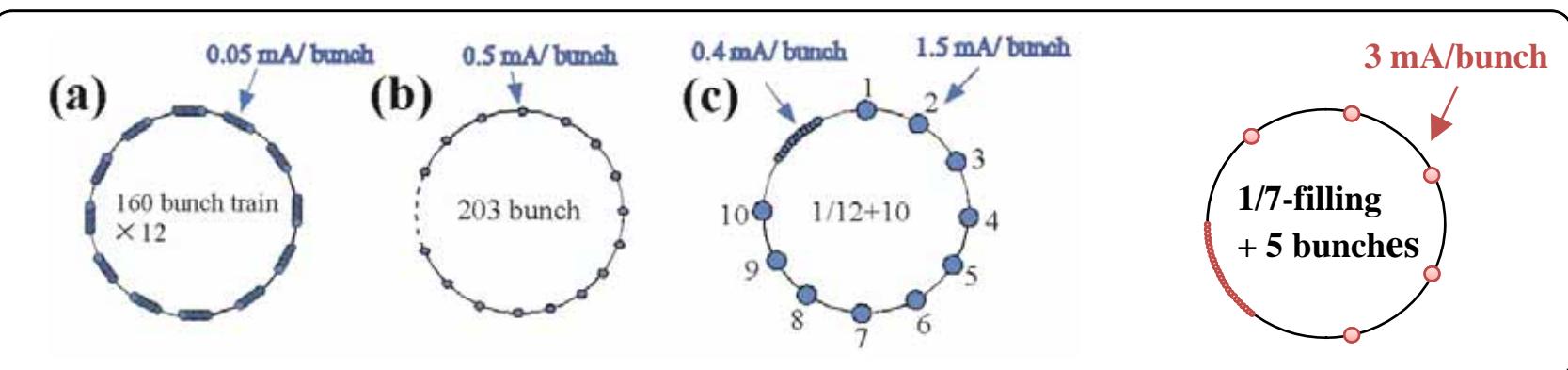
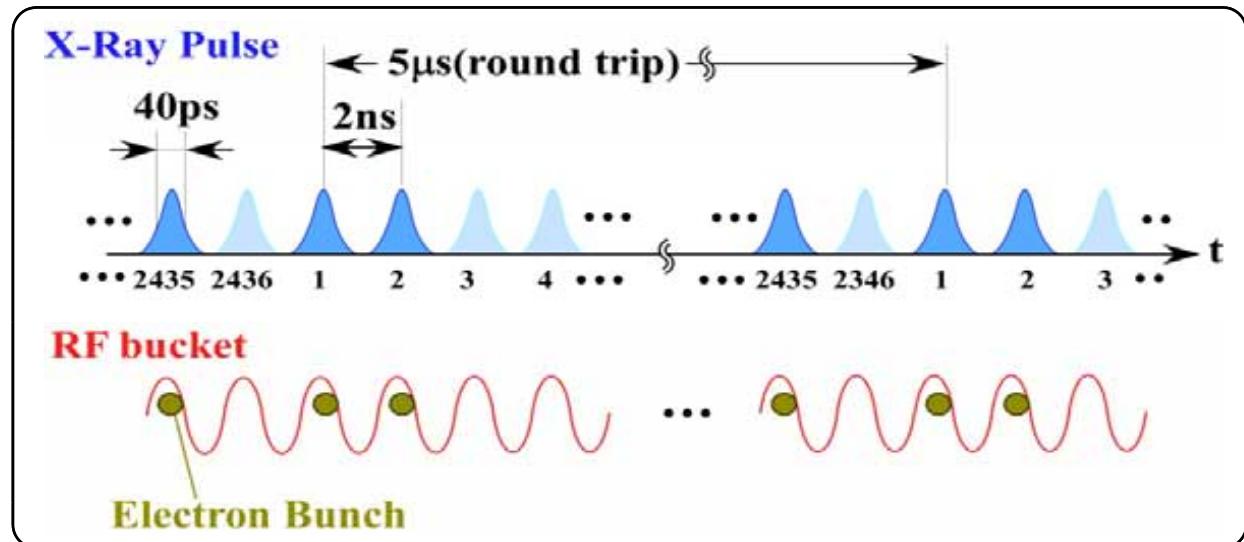
2. 時間分解測定法の開発

2.1. 放射光の時間構造と手法



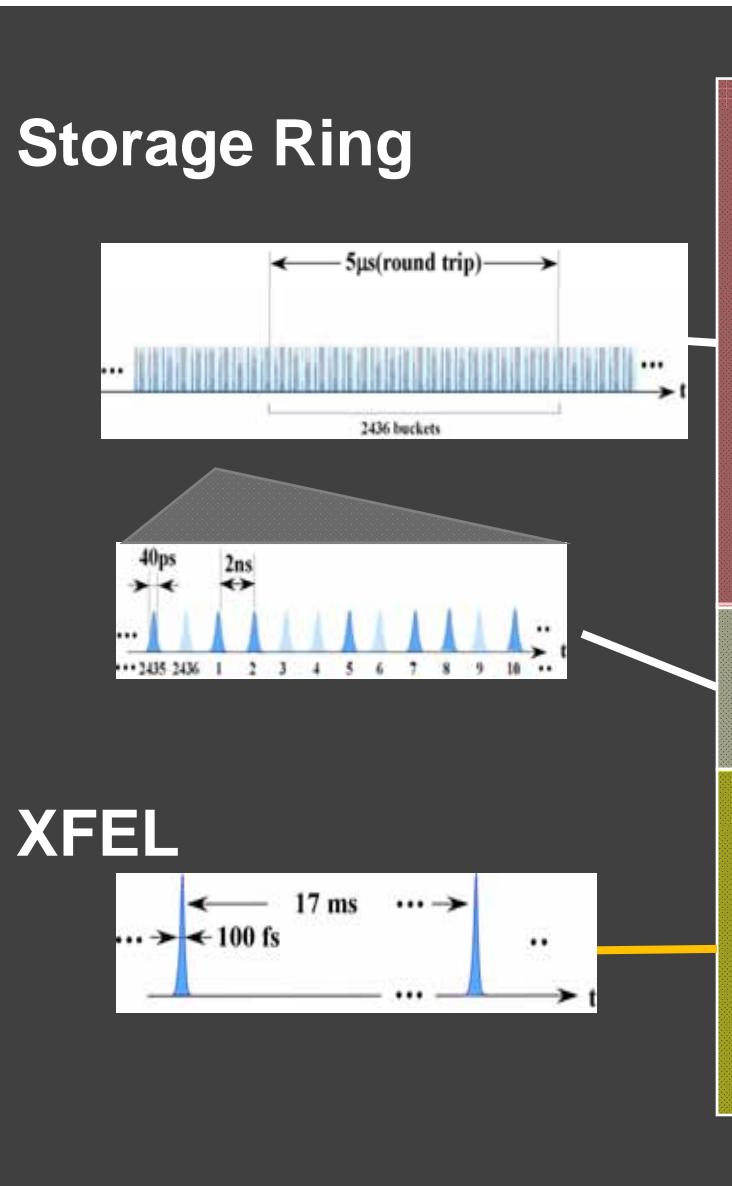
Pulse width:
40 ps (FWHM)
Rep. rate:
200 kHz-509MHz

蓄積リング放射光の時間構造

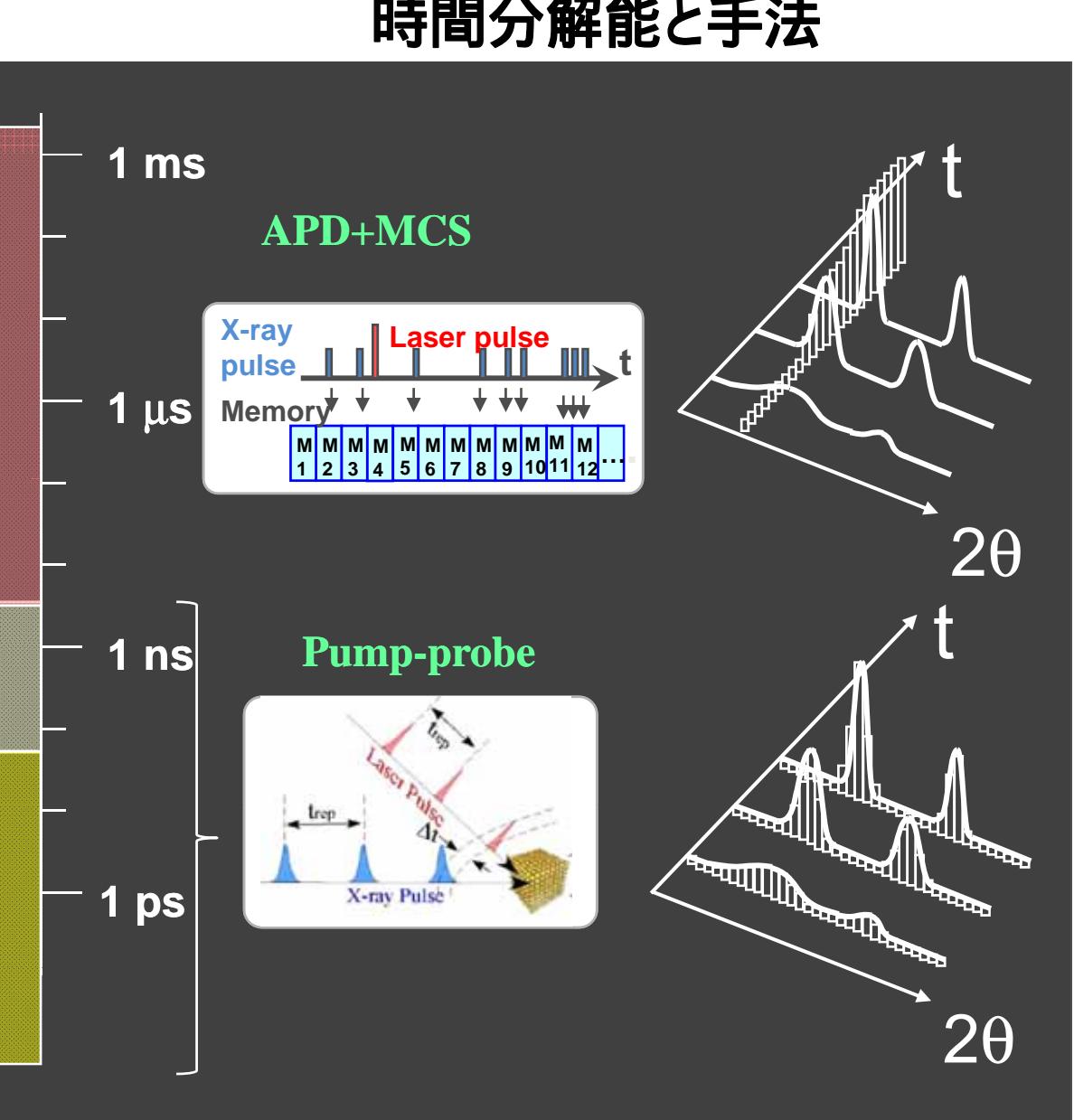


2.2. 時間分解X線回折測定技術

SR の時間構造



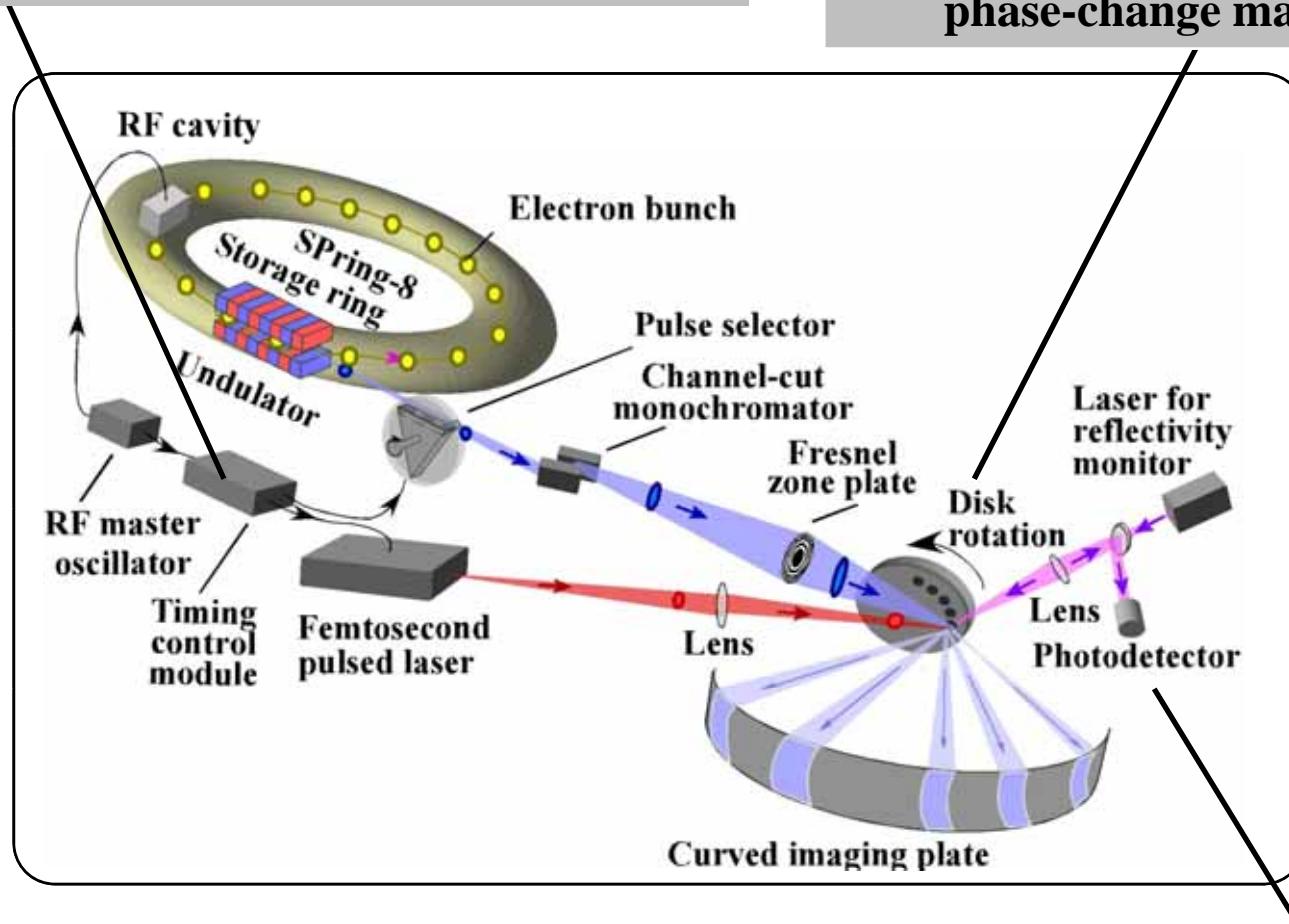
時間分解能と手法



要素技術

(1) Timing control between SR and laser pulses

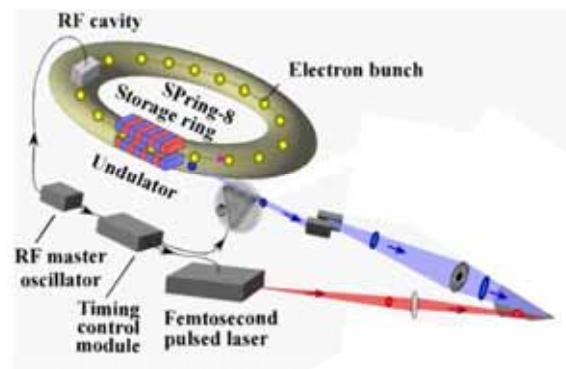
(2) Sample rotation stage for phase-change materials



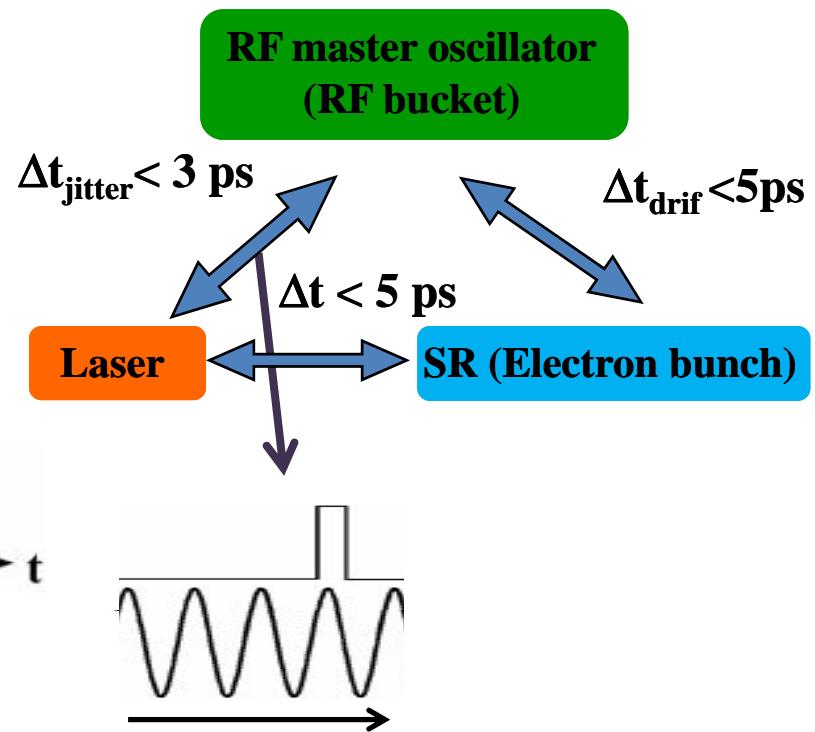
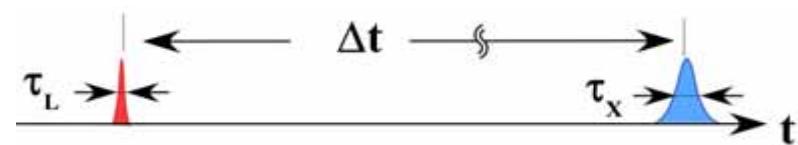
(3) On-line monitor of photoreflectivity

(1) Timing control between SR and laser pulses

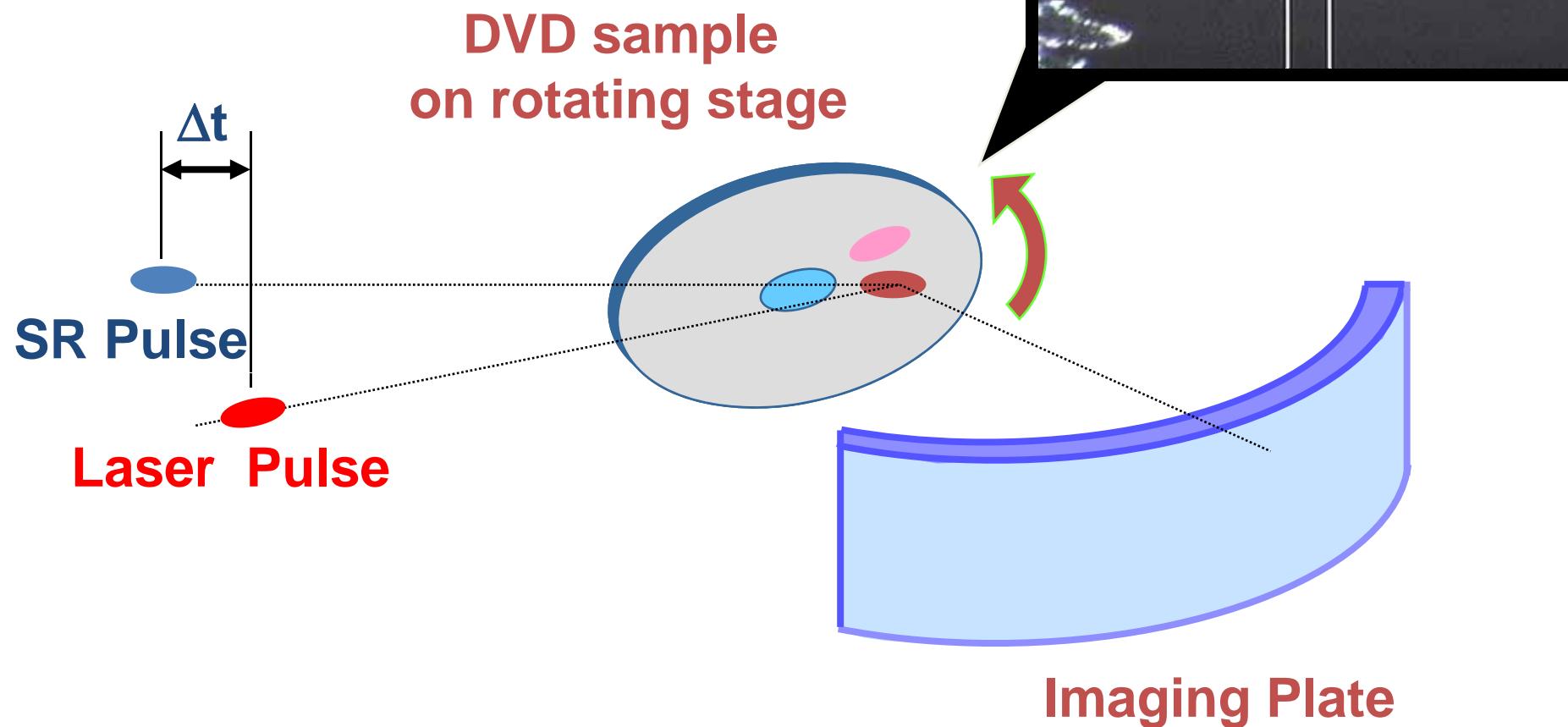
(i) Synchronization of laser and SR



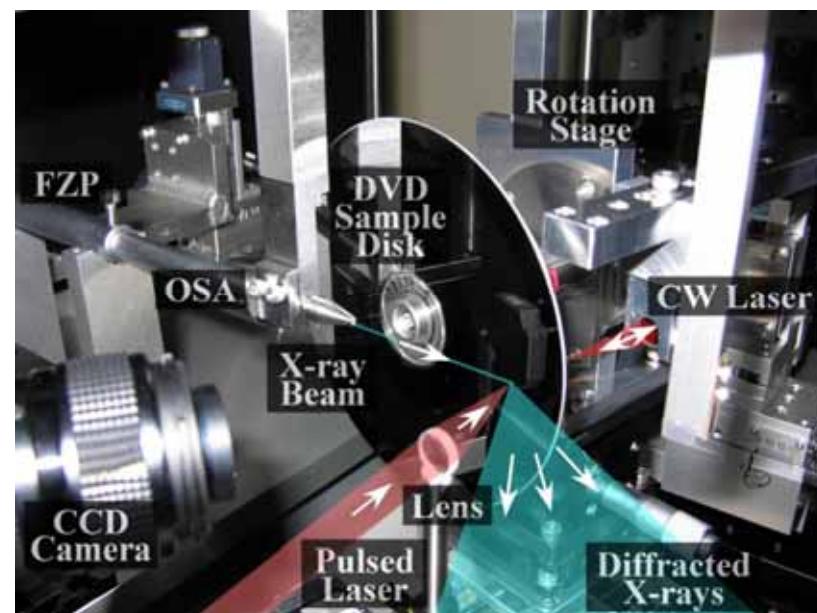
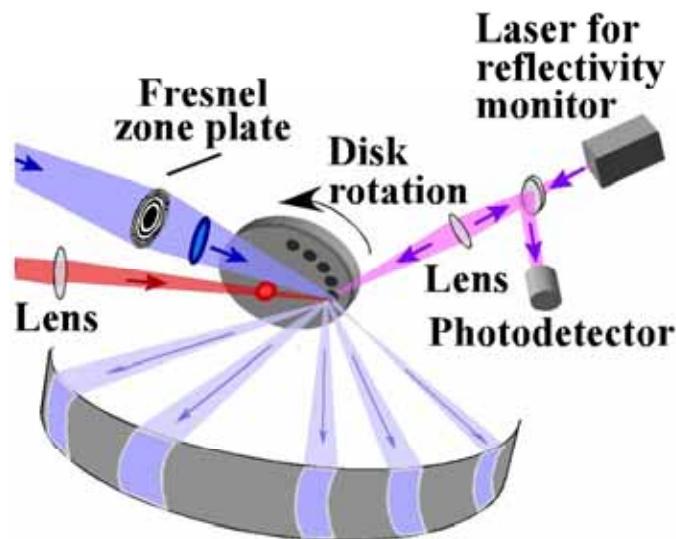
(ii) Time delay control



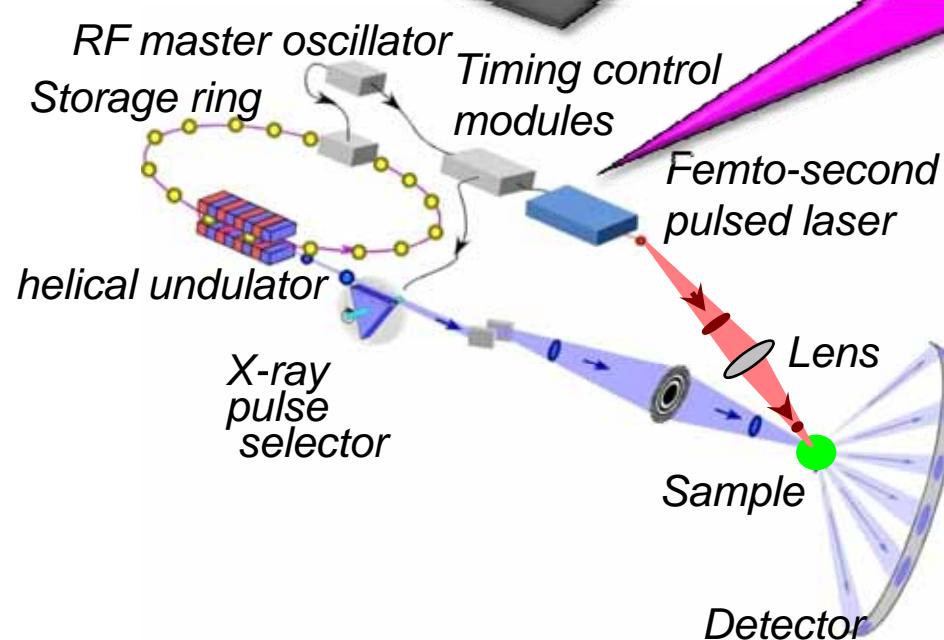
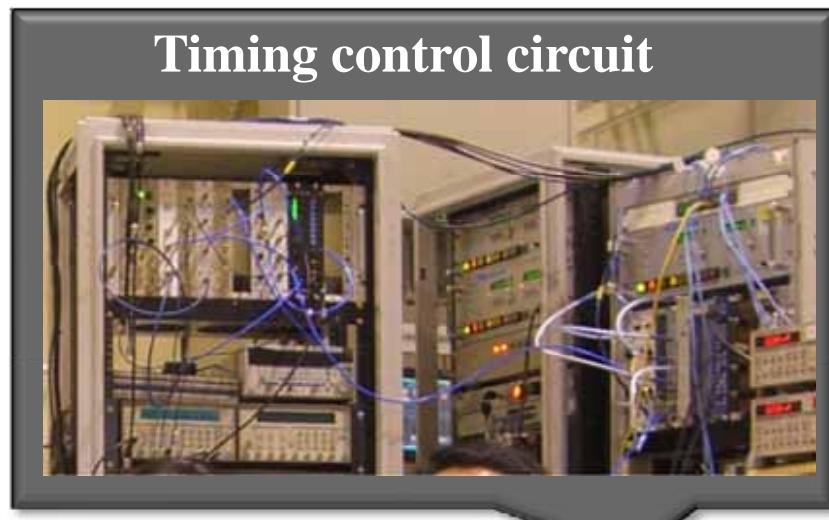
(2) Sample rotating system



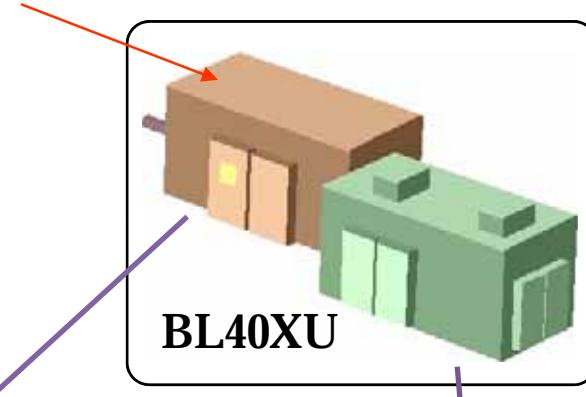
(3) On-line monitor of photoreflectivity



Picosecond TR-XRD system



Time-resolved diffraction station in BL40XU

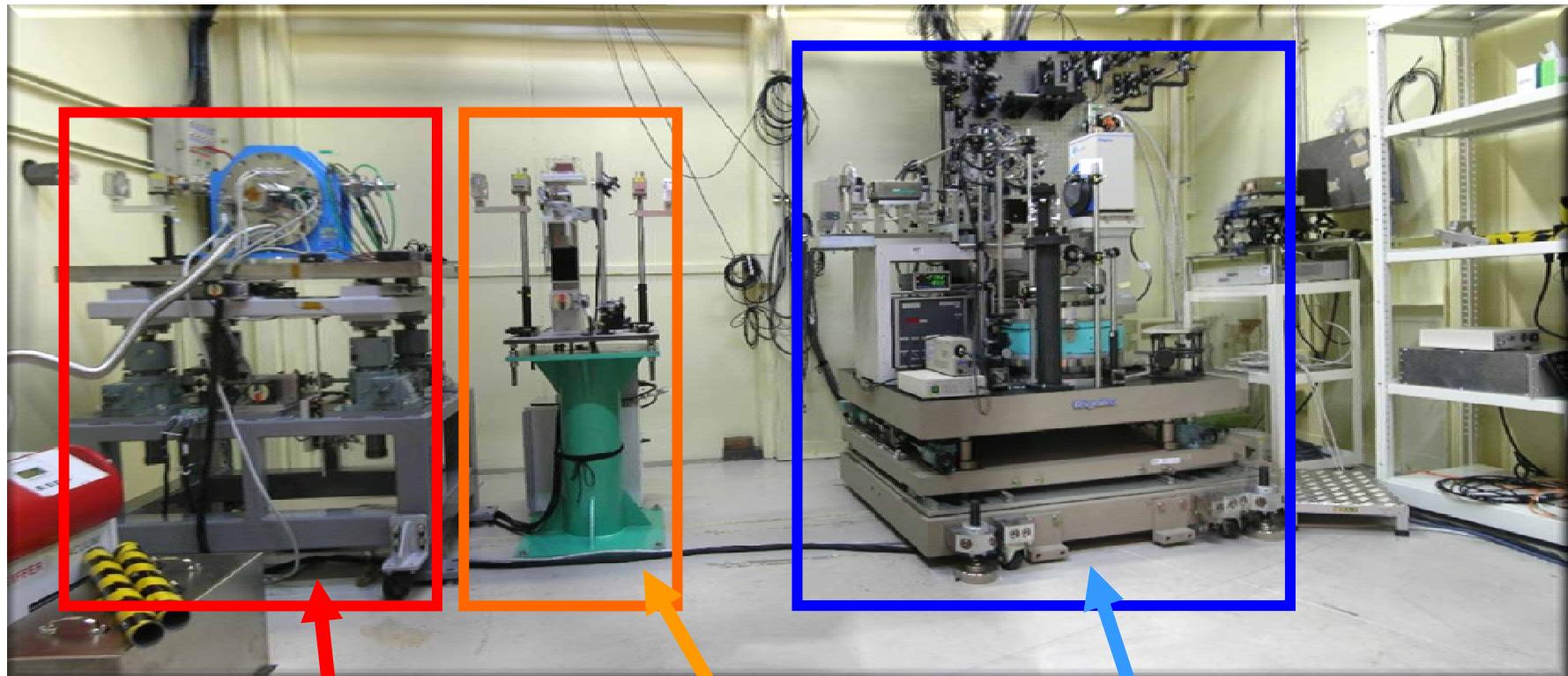


X-ray exp. hutch



Laser booth

X-ray experimental hutch@ SPring-8 BL40XU

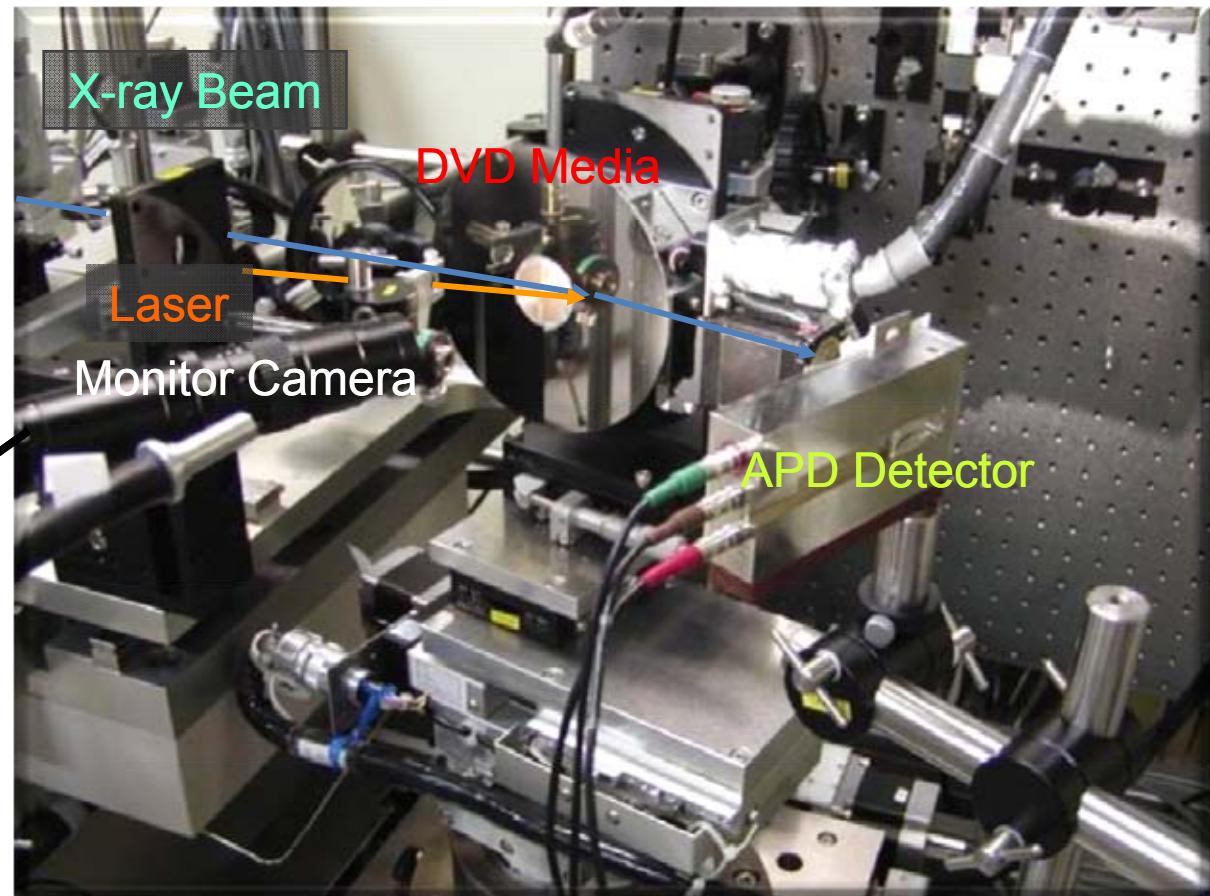
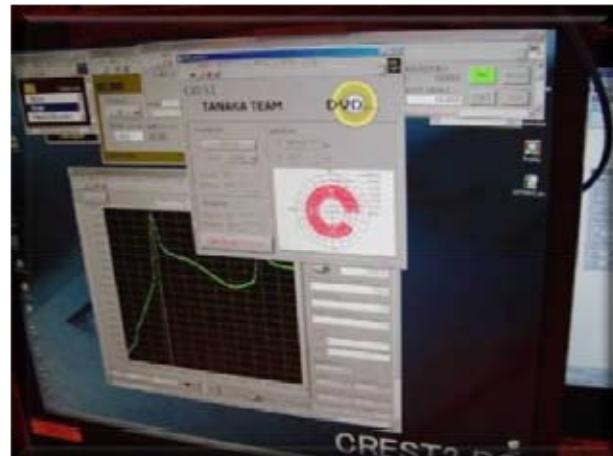


X-ray Pulse Selector (XPS)

Si(111) Channel-cut Monochromator

Precise Diffractometer System

DVD Phase Change Time Resolved X-ray Measurement System

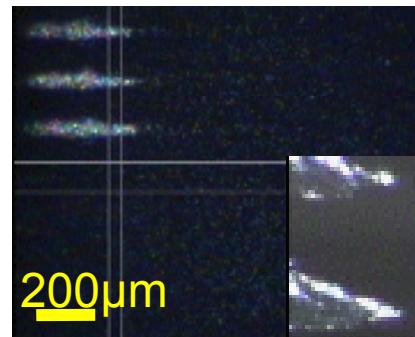


Sample Monitor

DVD材料測定用高速回転試料台

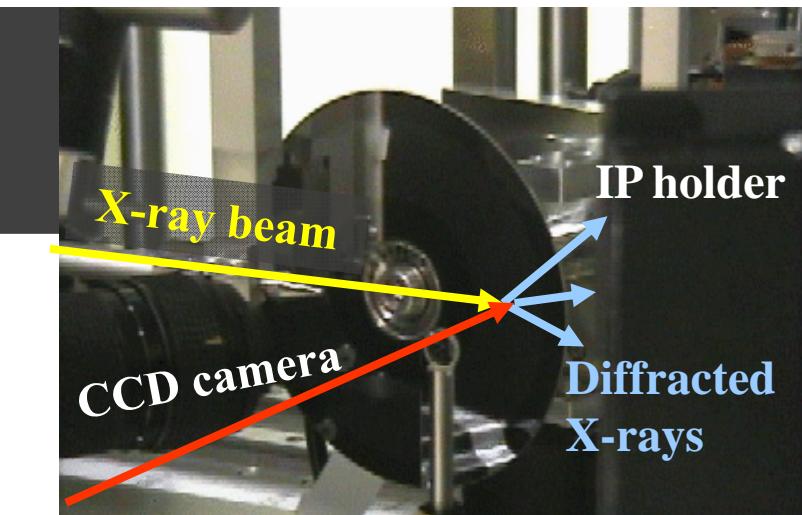
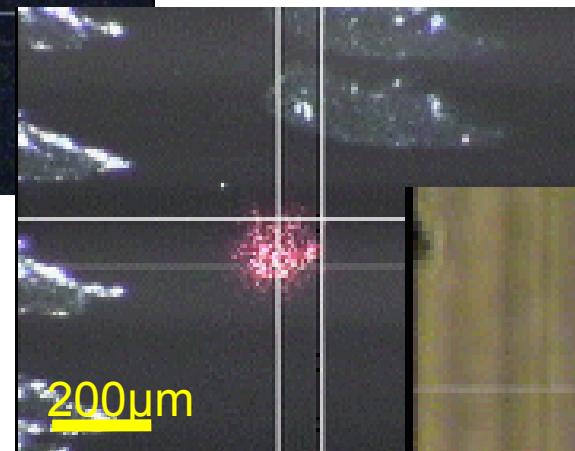
Nov. 2006

Repetition rate 1 Hz



April 2007

Repetition rate 5 Hz

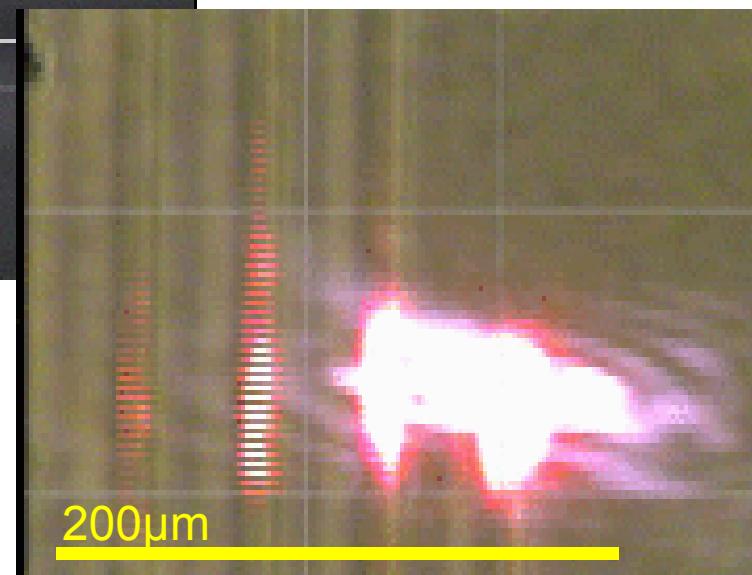


Laser for crystallization

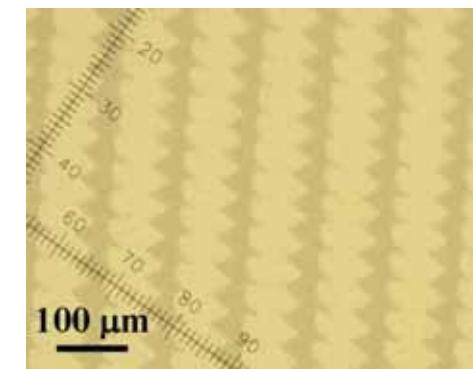
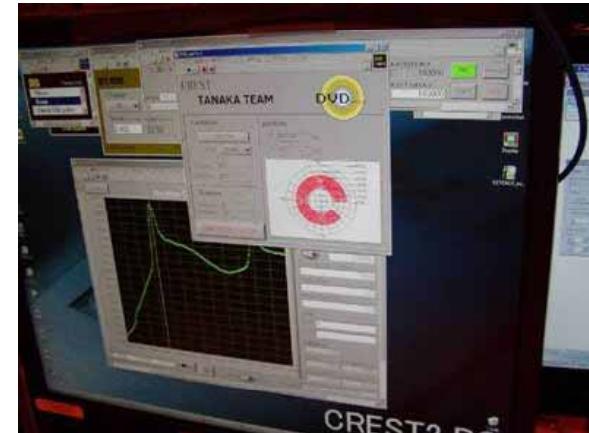
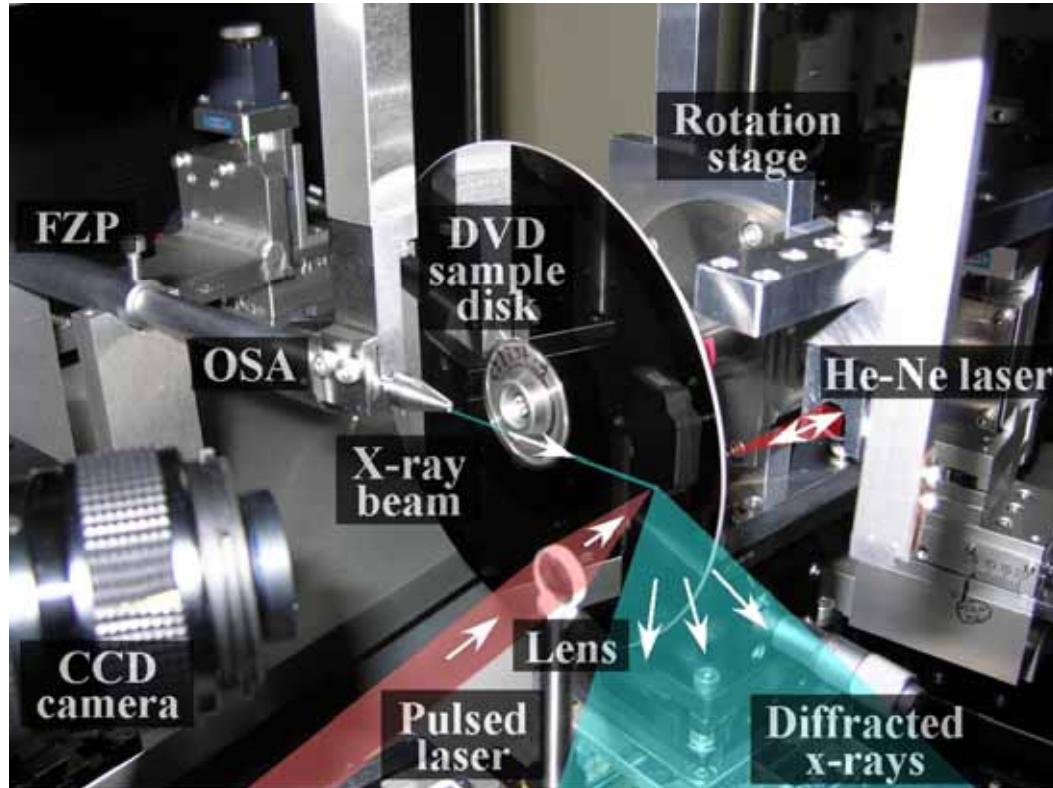
April 2008

Repetition rate 1 kHz

Using X-ray microbeam



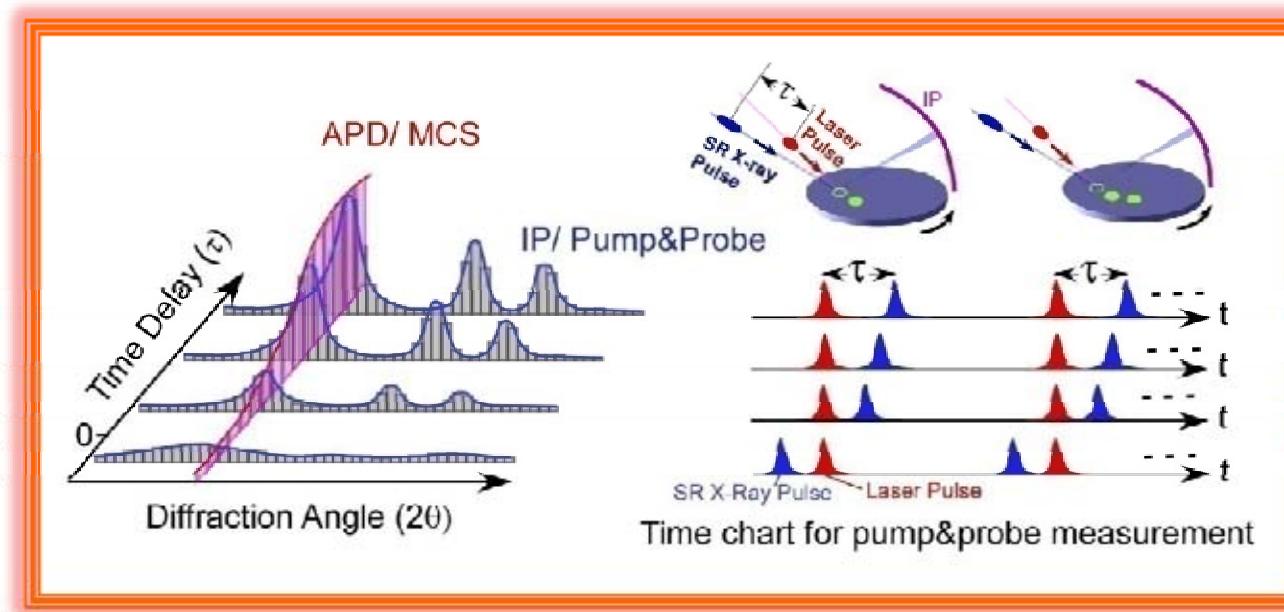
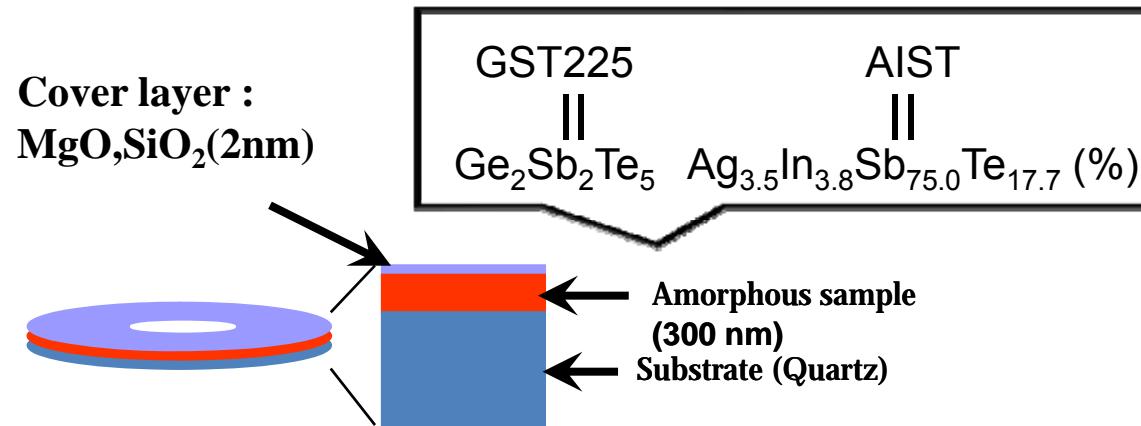
DVD相変化材料測定用 時分割マイクロビームX線回折システム



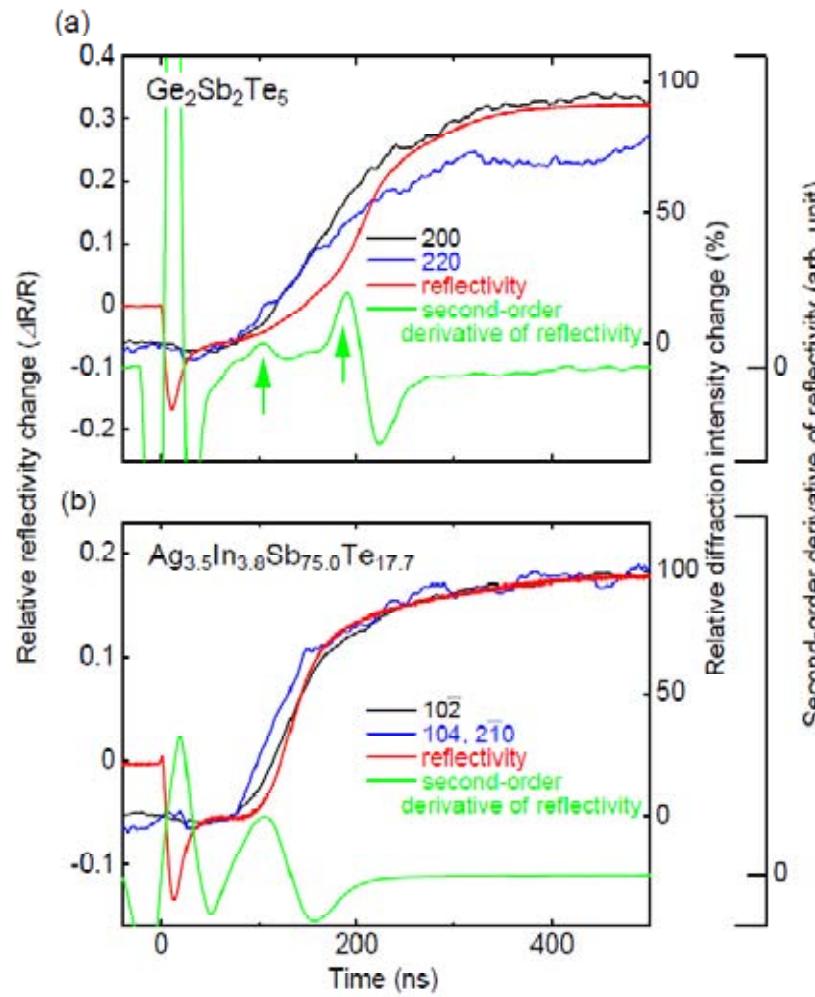
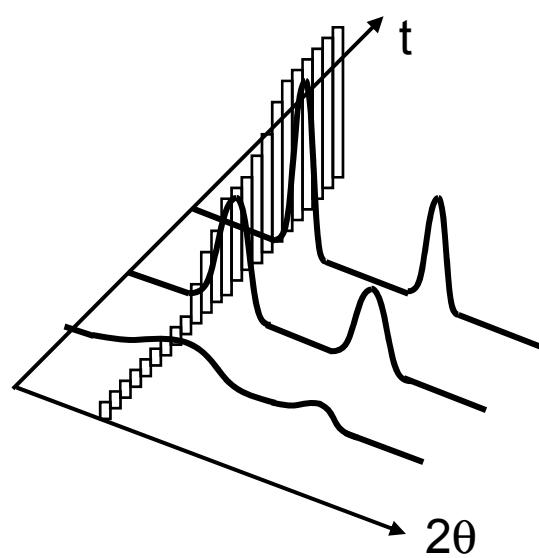
繰り返し周期 t_{rep}	移動速度 v	レーザー スポット径 a	X線 スポット径 b	ショット数 (DVD一枚あたり)	測定時間 (DVD一枚あたり)
1 Hz	1 mm/s	300 μm	100 μm	30000	10時間
5 Hz	5 mm/s	300 μm	100 μm	30000	1時間30分
1 kHz	50 mm/s	30 μm	3 μm	1800000	30分

3. 観察結果

3.1 反射率変化と相変化の関係



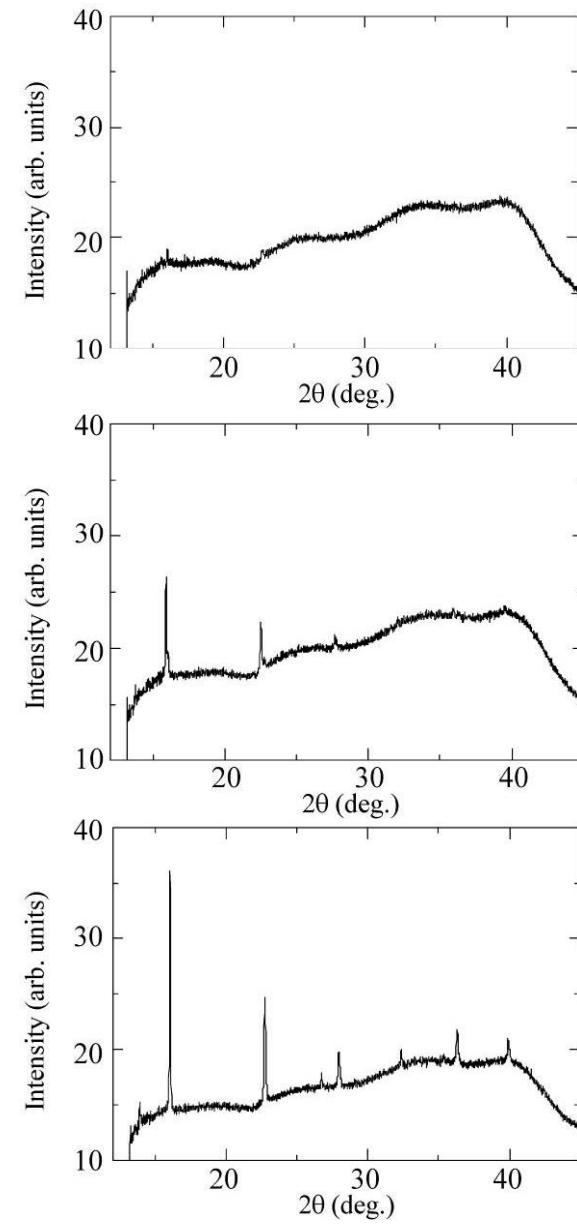
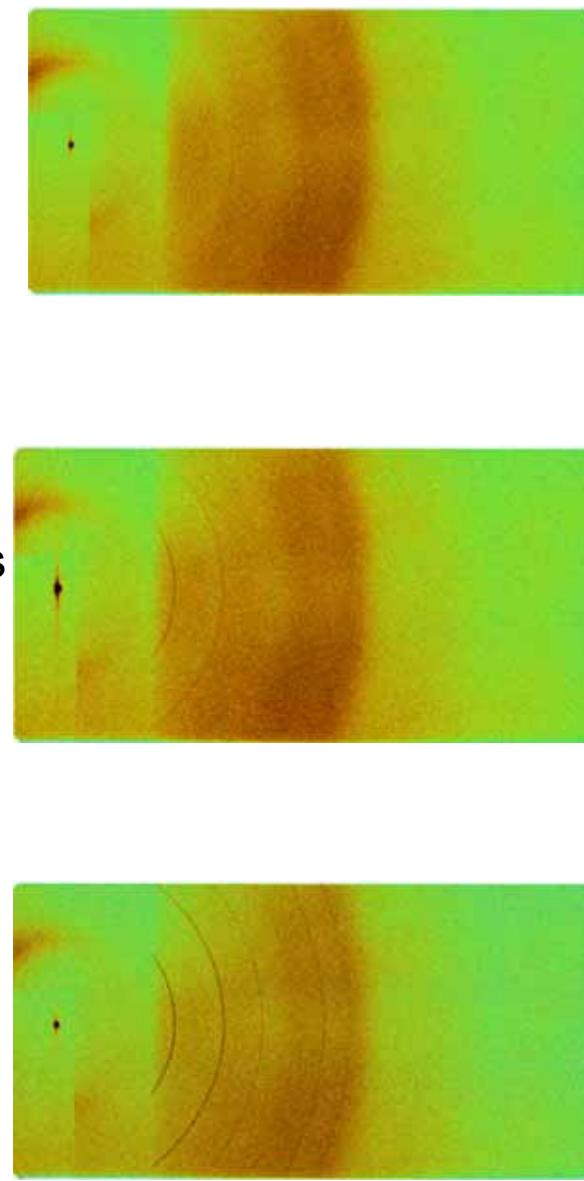
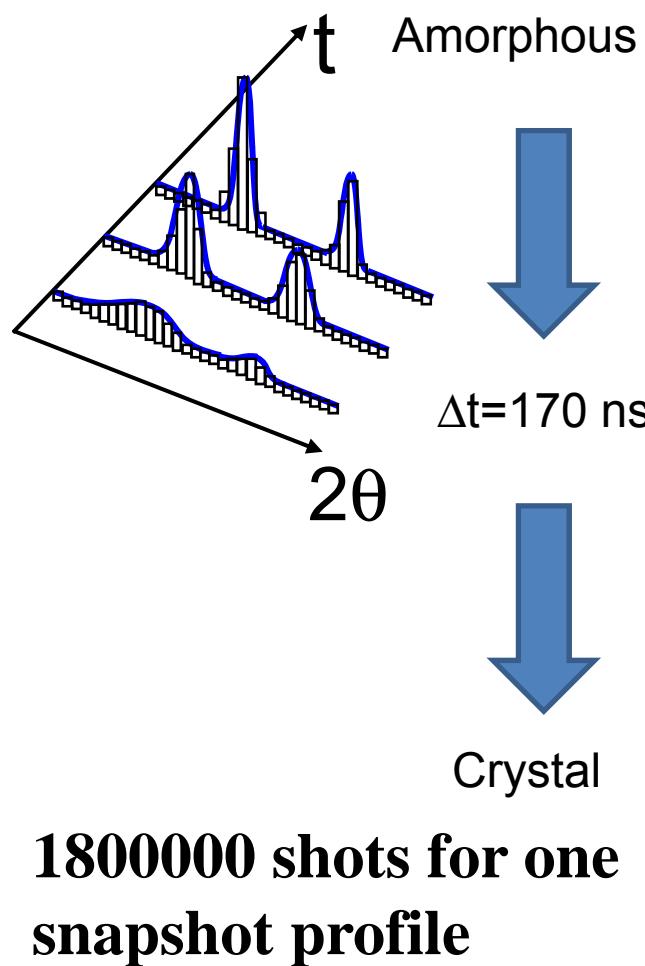
Time dependence of diffraction intensity and reflectivity



開始 : 90 ns
終了 : 273 ns

開始: 85 ns
終了: 206 ns

Snapshots of X-ray diffraction patterns for GST225

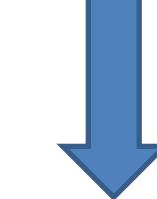


Snapshots of X-ray diffraction patterns for AIST

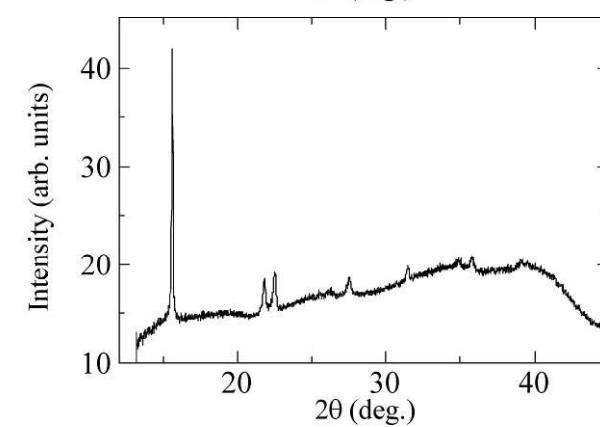
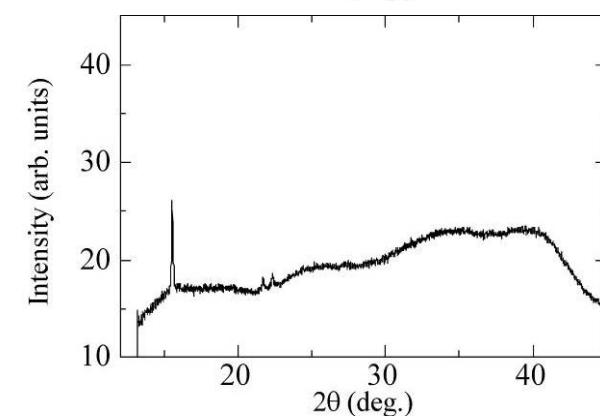
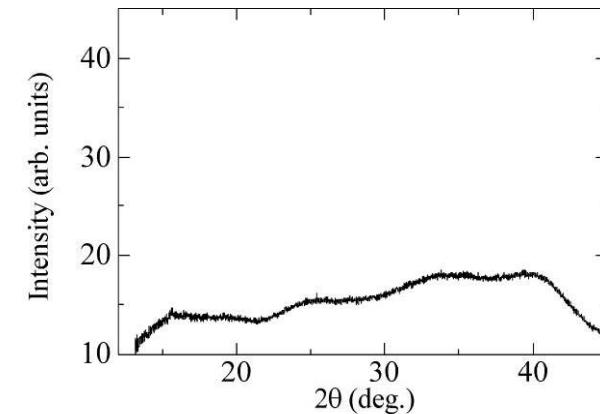
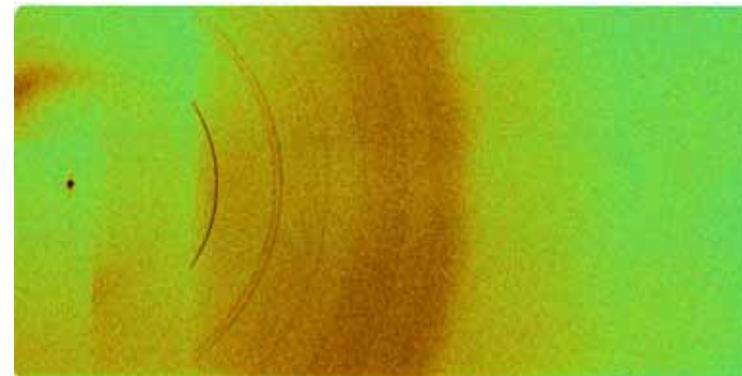
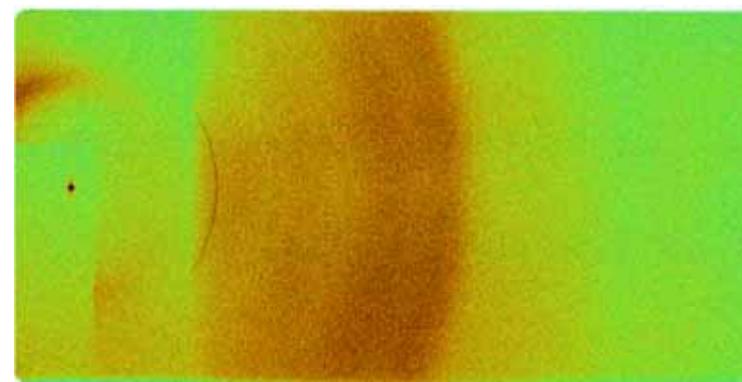
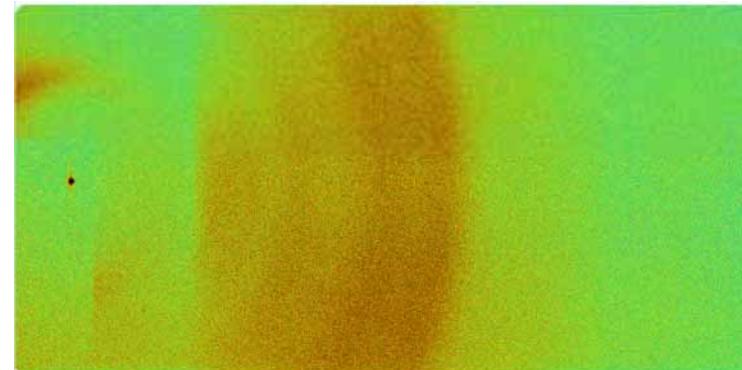
Amorphous



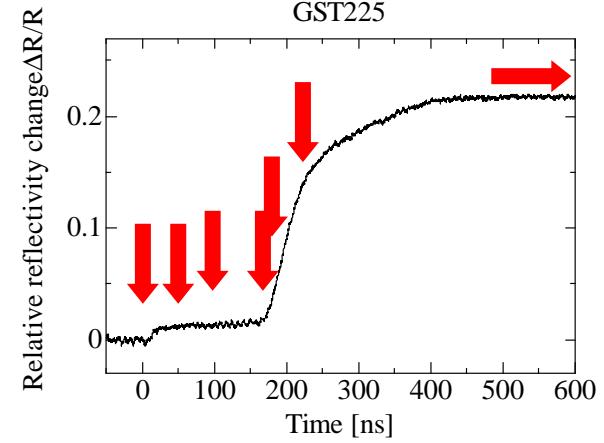
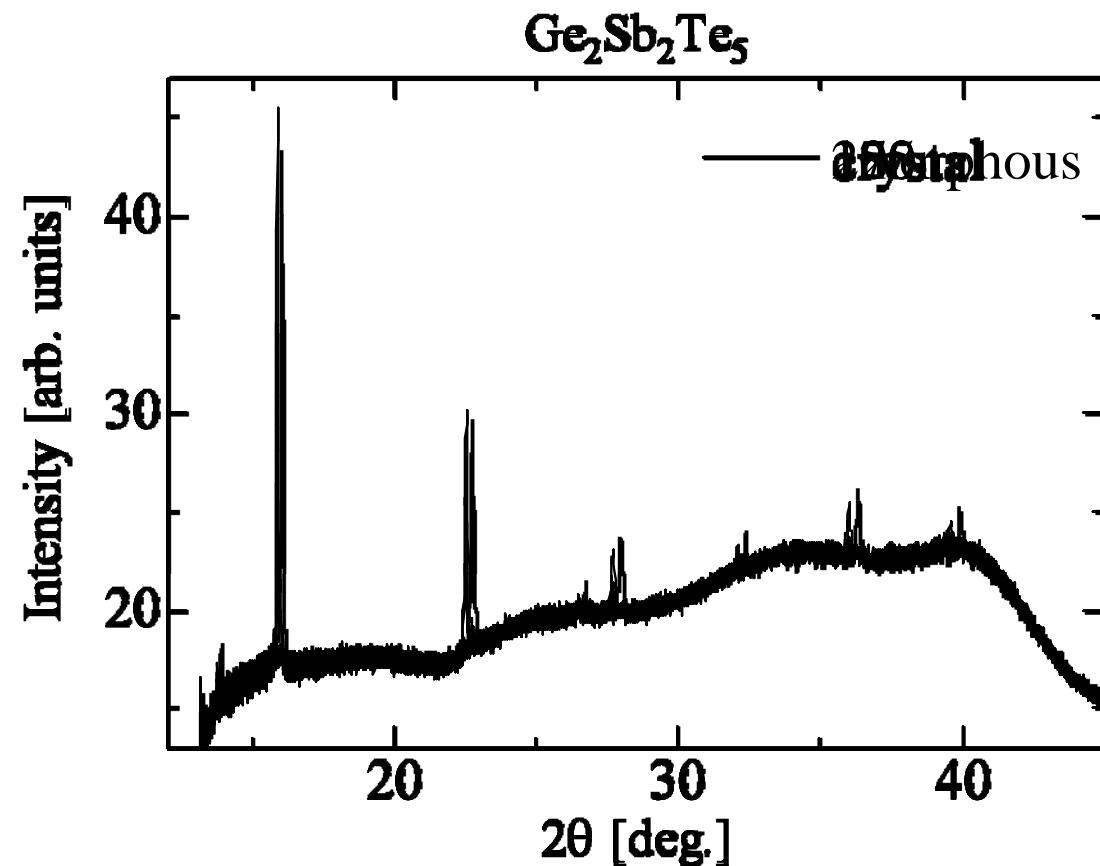
$\Delta t = 115 \text{ ns}$



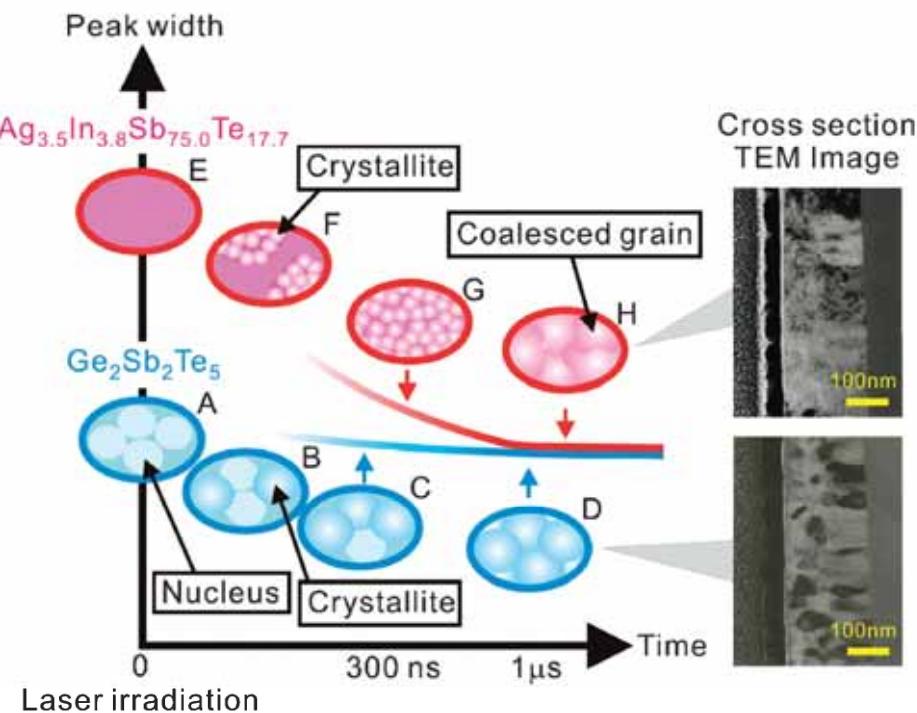
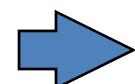
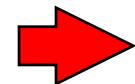
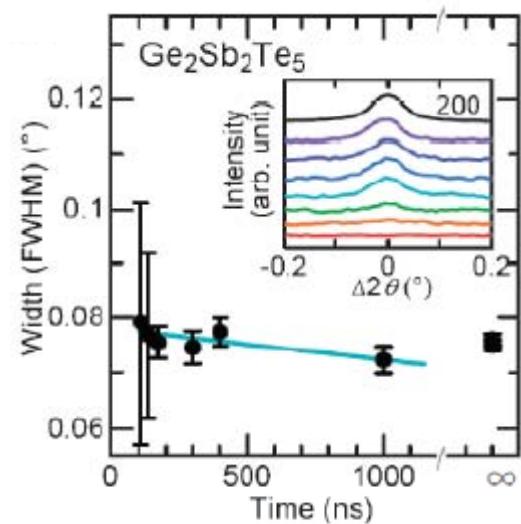
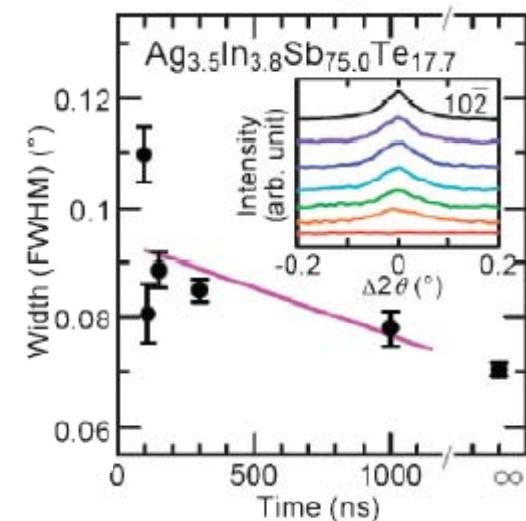
Crystal



Movie of X-ray diffraction pattern for GST225



Time-dependence of diffraction peak width (grain size and/or strain)



結晶成長過程の違い

Applied Physics Express, 1, 045001 (2008).

まとめ

- ・ DVD光記録材料におけるアモルファス-結晶相変化について、時間分解X線回折法を適用した。

1. 反射率と構造変化の強い相関

2. AISTとGSTで結晶化過程に相違

→ AISTは結晶化過程でブラックピーク幅が大きく変化
GSTはピーク幅は不变、(過渡的な巨大格子定数(予備データより))

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